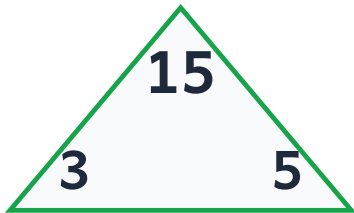


Familias de la tabla del 3 · n.º 1

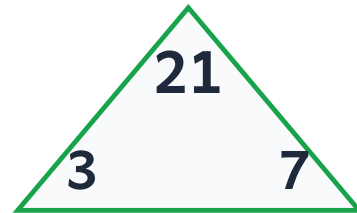
Nombre: _____

Fecha: _____

Cada triángulo es una familia. Usa sus tres números para completar las cuatro operaciones.



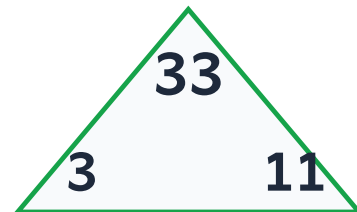
$$\begin{array}{ll} 3 \times 5 = \square & 5 \times 3 = \square \\ 15 \div 3 = \square & 15 \div 5 = \square \end{array}$$



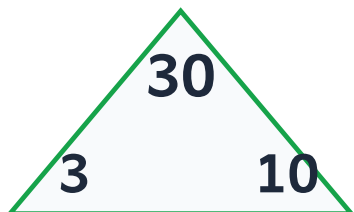
$$\begin{array}{ll} 3 \times 7 = \square & 7 \times 3 = \square \\ 21 \div 3 = \square & 21 \div 7 = \square \end{array}$$



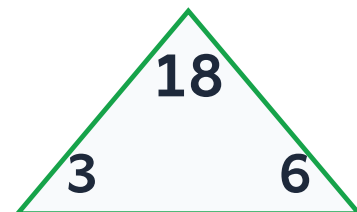
$$\begin{array}{ll} 3 \times 2 = \square & 2 \times 3 = \square \\ 6 \div 3 = \square & 6 \div 2 = \square \end{array}$$



$$\begin{array}{ll} 3 \times 11 = \square & 11 \times 3 = \square \\ 33 \div 3 = \square & 33 \div 11 = \square \end{array}$$



$$\begin{array}{ll} 3 \times 10 = \square & 10 \times 3 = \square \\ 30 \div 3 = \square & 30 \div 10 = \square \end{array}$$



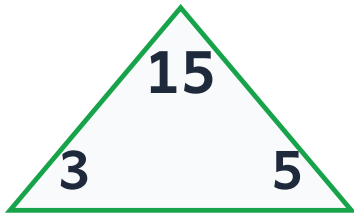
$$\begin{array}{ll} 3 \times 6 = \square & 6 \times 3 = \square \\ 18 \div 3 = \square & 18 \div 6 = \square \end{array}$$

Familias de la tabla del 3 · n.º 1 · Respuestas

Nombre: _____

Fecha: _____

Cada triángulo es una familia. Usa sus tres números para completar las cuatro operaciones.

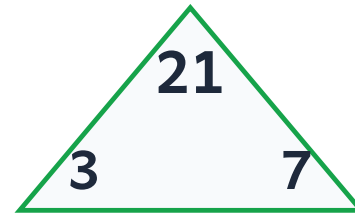


$3 \times 5 = 15$

$5 \times 3 = 15$

$15 \div 3 = 5$

$15 \div 5 = 3$



$3 \times 7 = 21$

$7 \times 3 = 21$

$21 \div 3 = 7$

$21 \div 7 = 3$

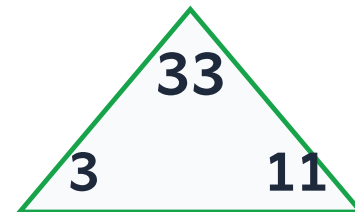


$3 \times 2 = 6$

$2 \times 3 = 6$

$6 \div 3 = 2$

$6 \div 2 = 3$

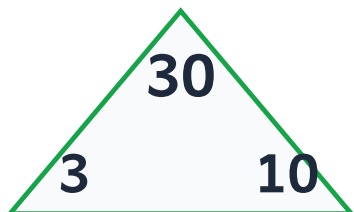


$3 \times 11 = 33$

$11 \times 3 = 33$

$33 \div 3 = 11$

$33 \div 11 = 3$

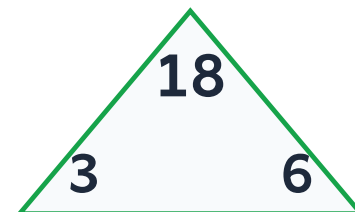


$3 \times 10 = 30$

$10 \times 3 = 30$

$30 \div 3 = 10$

$30 \div 10 = 3$



$3 \times 6 = 18$

$6 \times 3 = 18$

$18 \div 3 = 6$

$18 \div 6 = 3$